Diversify your cropping system for better weed management

Aim of the project:
To support organic farming with knowledge and tools about crop diversification for improved weed management.
Introduction

PRODIVA will improve the understanding of crop diversification and its impact on weeds. The project seeks to produce results and guidelines for the application of crop diversification measures that will improve the management of weeds.

Weed problems remain to be a major constrain for the improvement of crop productivity in organic farming. There is a constant need for preventive tactics to limit undesired weed interference. Investigations undertaken in Finland, Sweden, Latvia, Poland and Germany aim to clarify the prospects of using crop diversification tactics for weed management purposes.

Background

Despite the need for weed management to preserve crop yield, organic cropping systems strongly contribute to maintain and support diverse weed communities on arable fields. Direct control actions are motivated to instantly release the crop from weed interference. However, the reliance on direct tactics could be reduced through careful planning of cropping systems that mitigate severe weed problems and create a more balanced and manageable weed flora. Diversifying crop components in cropping systems is a way to achieve this but it has not been exploited in practise.

Livija Zarina is explaining the beneficial traits of oat for weed suppression on Laima organic farm, Lejaskerzeni Latvia.
Expected societal benefits of the project

It is anticipated that PRODIVA can help improving growers’ awareness about the benefits of cropping system diversification measures as tools to balance weed problems. The need for direct and costly weed control measures may be lessened, which limits fossil energy consumption and maintains beneficial weed diversity and thus biological diversity.

The cropping practices studied in PRODIVA are valid not only for organic production but for conventional cropping as well to reduce current reliance on chemical weed control as required according to the recently introduced IPM policy of the EU.

Expected results and impacts

PRODIVA will:
- create the understanding of crop sequencing (main crops and cover crops) as an important tool for manipulating weed growth
- identify and describe the traits in crops and cover crops which determine crop-weed interactions and may become useful components in diversification programs to suppress weeds
- produce ‘ready-to-use’ information on variety traits and optimal variety blends providing weed suppression
- yield results from weed surveying that reveal similarities and differences between the participating regions. Background field management data will deliver sources of variation, detected by appropriate statistical analyses. Comparisons with the results from the other work packages are expected to unravel similarities or differences with the survey data, which enable stakeholders to judge the practical relevance of crop diversification methods.

Expected long-term impacts

PRODIVA aims to increase the awareness of growers and consultants on the positive effects of diversifying organic cropping systems. Correspondingly, it is anticipated that especially cover crops and cereal variety blends for weed management will acquire a strong place in future research programmes.

A very suppressive cover crop consisting of fodder radish and winter vetch established on a Danish organic farm.
How to reach target groups

Stakeholder networks that include farmers, advisors and educators are set-up in every participating country. Considerable interaction with these groups will take place during the life-time of the project. In addition more traditional dissemination sources will be used such as peer-reviewed papers, conference papers, contributions at growers meetings and popular articles.

Further information

This project is funded via the ERA-net CORE Organic Plus, which is a network of 20 countries on initiating transnational research projects in the area of organic food and farming systems. In 2014, CORE Organic Plus selected PRODIVA and 10 other projects. Read more at the CORE Organic website: http://www.coreorganic.org/ and find publications from the project at: http://coreorganicplus.org/research-projects/prodiva/ and at: http://orgprints.org/view/projects/prodiva.html