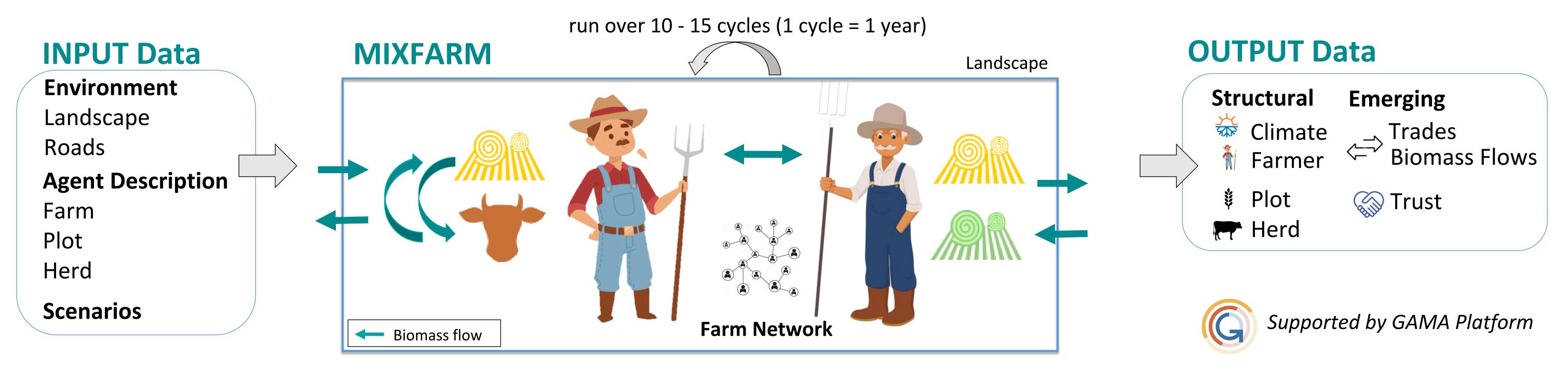
Simulating farm interactions at landscape level **MIXed FARm interaction Model (MIXFARM) applied in Ariège** Aurélien PETER, Myriam GRILLOT WP3 – Coordination: Francesco ACCATINO

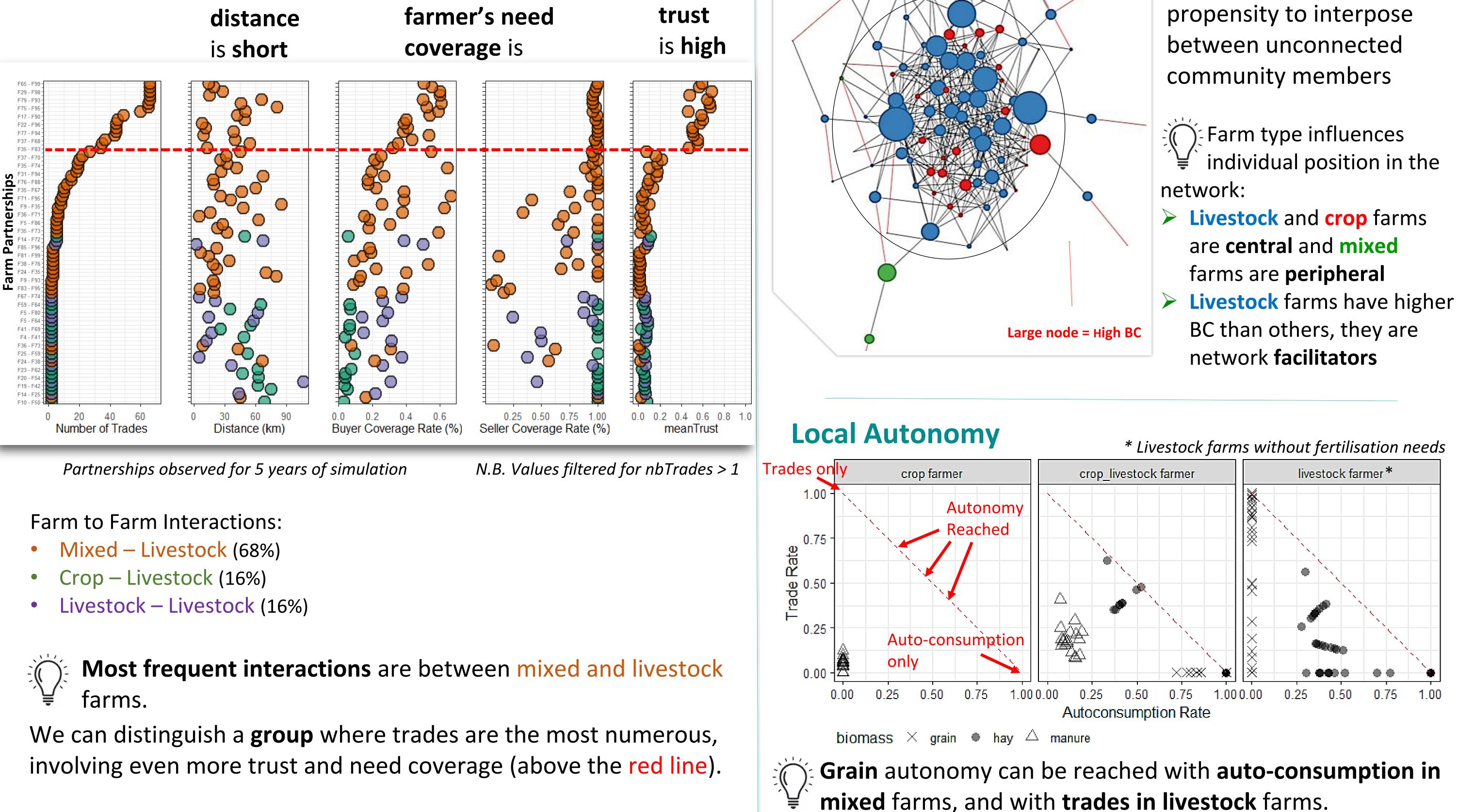
An agent-based model (ABM) for farmer trades

ABM reproduce observed individuals' behaviors thanks to the implementation of simple rule-based decisions. We developed the MIXFARM model to simulate interactions between farms (crop, livestock, mixed) (agents) in a mixed landscape. Each farmer-agent choose with whom it will trade biomass, driven by its distance to others, its needs, and trust (no economic aspect involved).

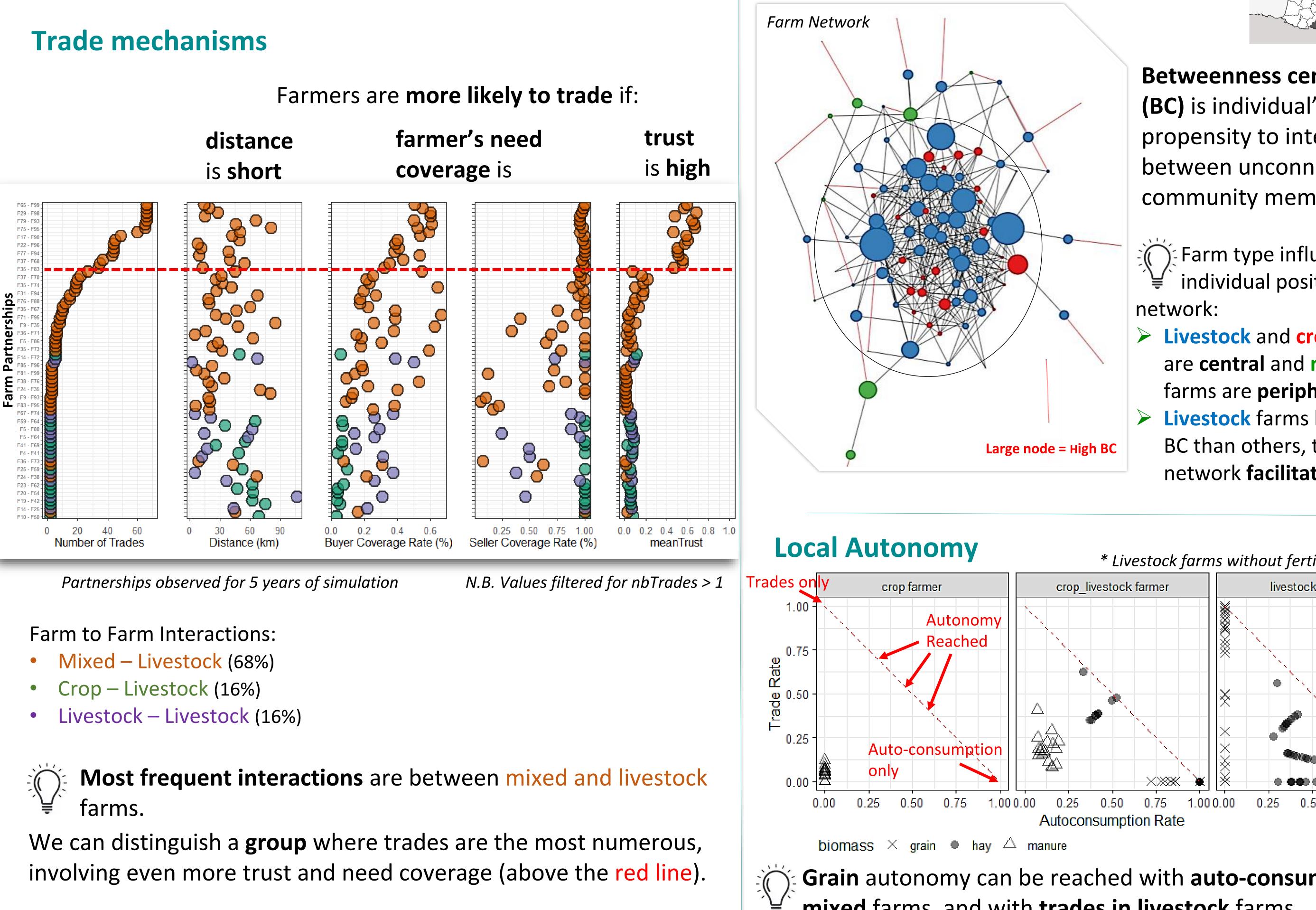


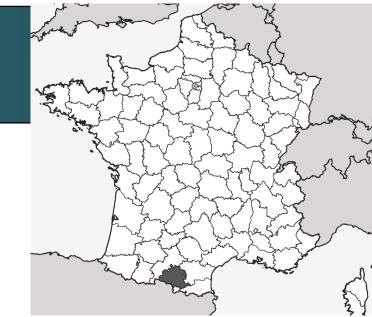
Model Indicators : application in a NUTS3 region (Ariège, France) (not definitive results)

Simulation of 100 farms (types: 58 Livestock, 24 Crop, 18 Mixed)



Betweenness Centrality





Betweenness centrality (BC) is individual's propensity to interpose between unconnected community members

Farm type influences individual position in the

0.75

Livestock and **crop** farms are **central** and **mixed**

These observations help us to validate the implementation of rule-

Hay autonomy is reached with auto-consumption and trades. Manure production is too low compared to farmer needs, no autonomy is possible for this biomass.

based decisions inside the model.

What's next for MIXFARM?

- > Pattern Space Explorations (PSE) are under their way to parametrize the model.
 - This method is conducted with the software **OpenMOLE** and is designed **to cover the output space**, get **better insights** on the model's potential.
- > Then we will be able to launch simulations under several scenarios and observe the network resilience.





