

Cover crops

Cost-effectiveness

Soil Organic Carbon

Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions

High yield impact

Middle yield impact

Low yield impact

High yield impact

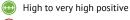
Middle yield impact

Low yield impact

The negative cost-effectiveness scores for cover crops arise due the additional seed and cultivation costs for these crops, in some instances there may also be displacement of winter crops that might not provide sufficient winter cover. However, these costs may be partially offset by reduced fertiliser costs for the following crop although we have not been able to establish the extent of these savings across all regions.

been able to establish the extent of the	se savings across all reg	ions.	. , ,		or the jouoning crop a	,
Barley						
Denmark	•			•		
Denmark (winter)	•			•		
Denmark (spring)	•••			•••		
Estonia						
Finland						
Germany	(+)			•		
Greece	•			•		
Ireland	•			•		
Italy						
Lithuania						
Poland						
Spain	•••			•••		
United Kingdom	•			•		
United Kingdom (winter)						
	_			_		_
United Kingdom (spring)	•			•		
Common wheat						
Bulgaria	(-)	—	—	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>	
Czech Republic	•			•		
Denmark	•			(+)		
Denmark (winter)						
Denmark (spring)	•••			•••		
Estonia						
Finland				•		
France	•			•		
Germany	•••			<u></u>		
Greece						
				_		
Hungary			—		•	
Italy						
Latvia				•	<u>—</u>	
Lithuania	•		<u></u>	•		
Poland	•			(+)		
Poland (spring)	•			•••		
Romania						
Spain	•••			•••		
Sweden	•			•		
United Kingdom	•••			•••		
Durum wheat						•
France	•			•		
Greece		<u> </u>		•	<u> </u>	
Italy						
Spain	<u> </u>			<u>•</u>		
Grain maize						
France	<u> </u>			•••		
Germany	•••			•••		
Greece	<u>•••</u>			<u></u>		
Hungary	•			•		
Italy						
Italy (Tuscany)						
Poland	•			•		
Portugal	•			•		
Romania	•			•		
Slovakia	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
		•				
Spain				•••	•	
Spain (irrigated)		•			•	





High to very high negative

